

EU Competition Webinar Series (Part II) Keeping Distributors in Check in the Online Space

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WEBINAR TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS

PRESENTATION OF TODAY'S PANEL AND TOPIC



Today's Panel

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Agenda

- Setting the scene
- Online sales bans and obligations on resellers
- Online sales facilitation tools
- The Coty case
- Concluding remarks and Q&A



E-COMMERCE - SETTING THE SCENE



Why Is E-Commerce a Hot Topic?



- Booming e-commerce
- New opportunities
 - For distributors
 - Increase of distributor reach
 - Reduction of transaction costs for manufacturers and distributors (no limit to the amount of products that can be offered online; lower costs for delivery, inventory, staff)
 - For consumers
 - No physical limitations (distance, opening hours)
 - Increased choice
 - Increased price transparency
 - Emergence of new market players
 - Direct competitors (pure players, brick & click, third party platform)
 - New businesses (e.g. price comparison websites, evaluation systems)
- Intensification of competition



Why Is E-Commerce a Hot Topic?



But new challenges for brand owners

- Avoid free riding
- Preserve brand image
- Ensure pre-sale services
- Enforcers seek unfettered development of ecommerce
- Increasing scrutiny by competition authorities
 - E-commerce sector inquiry
 - String of new EU cases
 - National cases (France and Germany lead the way)



Quick Reminder – Applicable Rules



Safe harbor: Vertical Block Exemption Regulation (VBER)

- Safe harbor for agreements with market shares < 30%
- Hardcore (object) restrictions excluded from safe harbor, even below 30% threshold
 - Restriction on passive sales as a hardcore restriction
- Hardcore restrictions may (in theory) benefit from individual exemption (Article 101.3 TFEU)

Guidelines on vertical restraints

- Address Internet sales when examining restrictions on passive sales
 - Internet sales regarded as passive sales...
 - ... therefore restrictions of Internet sales amount to hardcore restrictions
- Guidelines are binding on the EC but <u>not</u> on national or European courts
 - Therefore, there is scope for debate



ONLINE SALES BANS AND OBLIGATIONS ON RESELLERS



Can I Prohibit My Resellers from Selling Online?



• Pierre Fabre (2011)

- De facto prohibition of online sales (requirement to sell the Pierre Fabre products in a physical space and in presence of a qualified pharmacist)
- The CoJ considered that:
 - Prohibition of online sales = Restriction of passive sales
 - In view of the characteristics of the products at issue (cosmetics), a blanket restriction could not be justified by:
 - Need to provide individual advice to consumers
 - Need to maintaining a prestigious image
 - Prohibition of online sales could not be saved by the right for supplier to prevent resellers from operating out of an unauthorized establishment

Following *Pierre Fabre*, very little scope to impose an outright ban If considered, seek legal advice



But Then, How Do I Control My Online Resellers?



- By imposing strict selectivity/contractual requirements?
 - Requirements may be imposed if:
 - Legitimate aim
 - Necessary and proportionate
 - Equivalence online / offline
 - Need for periodic/dynamic review of the requirements



But Then, How Do I Control My Online Resellers?

Examples of requirements:

- Use of images, logos, layout
- Order and delivery policy
- Return and warranty policies
- Hotline and support
- Compliance with data protection, consumer protection laws (including advertising)



But Then, How Do I Control My Online Resellers?



- Requirement to operate at least one brick and mortar shop?
 - Exclusion of 'pure' online players or incentivizing pure players to join promotional effort by going offline
 - Rationale? Ensure that consumers can access qualified staff, visualize and try the product
 - Positive stance by the EC in its Guidelines, but must not result in a direct or indirect limitation of online sales
 - E.g. by combining this requirement to an obligation on the distributor to limit its proportion of overall sales made over the Internet
 - EC's recent look in the e-commerce sector inquiry
 - This requirement may not be suitable in a number of settings



LIMITING THE USE OF ONLINE SALES TOOLS



Can I Restrict the Use of Price Comparison Tools?



Prohibition of the use of price comparison tools in question?

- Rationale: avoid competition on price only, so as to incentivize pre-sale services; protect brand image
- Asics
 - Highly concentrated running shoes market in Germany
 - Price comparison engines perceived as important tool
 - > For consumers to obtain transparent price information
 - For small & medium size retailers to reach a potentially large pool of customers to compete
 - Treated as hardcore by BKA and by the Court in Düsseldorf: largely relying on *Pierre Fabre*
 - Court dismissal of Asics' defense on need to protect the brand and to offer adequate pre-sale services
 - > Questionable reasoning: is this really a restriction by object?



Can I Restrict Use of Paying Referencing Tools?



Prohibition of the use of the brand for paying referencing purposes

- Objective of the prohibition: protect brand image of the supplier
- The prohibition raised issues
 - Equivalence online / offline
 - Not proportionate
- Ultimately left open in Asics



Can I Ban Resellers from Using Marketplaces?



Rationale

- Brand positioning
- Fight against the sale of counterfeit goods
- Etc.
- Guidelines on vertical restraints considers restrictions on the use of third party platforms, not full ban

Diverging views in the EU

- Cases at NCA level (e.g. Adidas in France and Germany)
- National judgment (e.g. Caudalie in France)
- EC position



The Coty Case

- Presentation
- Elements of the debate
- Outlook





CONCLUDING REMARKS AND QUESTIONS



Questions?





Thank You for Joining Us

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