108TH CONGRESS H. R. 4661

AN ACT

To amend title 18, United States Code, to discourage spyware, and for other purposes.

108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.4661

AN ACT

To amend title 18, United States Code, to discourage spyware, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- $2\ \ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled,$

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Internet Spyware (I–
- 3 SPY) Prevention Act of 2004".
- 4 SEC. 2. PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN UNAUTHORIZED ACTIVI-
- 5 TIES RELATING TO COMPUTERS.
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 47 of title 18, United
- 7 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1030
- 8 the following:

9 "§ 1030A. Illicit indirect use of protected computers

- 10 "(a) Whoever intentionally accesses a protected com-
- 11 puter without authorization, or exceeds authorized access
- 12 to a protected computer, by causing a computer program
- 13 or code to be copied onto the protected computer, and in-
- 14 tentionally uses that program or code in furtherance of
- 15 another Federal criminal offense shall be fined under this
- 16 title or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- 17 "(b) Whoever intentionally accesses a protected com-
- 18 puter without authorization, or exceeds authorized access
- 19 to a protected computer, by causing a computer program
- 20 or code to be copied onto the protected computer, and by
- 21 means of that program or code—
- 22 "(1) intentionally obtains, or transmits to an-
- other, personal information with the intent to de-
- fraud or injure a person or cause damage to a pro-
- 25 tected computer; or

1	"(2) intentionally impairs the security protec-
2	tion of the protected computer;
3	shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than
4	2 years, or both.
5	"(c) No person may bring a civil action under the
6	law of any State if such action is premised in whole or
7	in part upon the defendant's violating this section. For
8	the purposes of this subsection, the term 'State' includes
9	the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other terri-
10	tory or possession of the United States.
11	"(d) As used in this section—
12	"(1) the terms 'protected computer' and 'ex-
13	ceeds authorized access' have, respectively, the
14	meanings given those terms in section 1030; and
15	"(2) the term 'personal information' means—
16	"(A) a first and last name;
17	"(B) a home or other physical address, in-
18	cluding street name;
19	"(C) an electronic mail address;
20	"(D) a telephone number;
21	"(E) a Social Security number, tax identi-
22	fication number, drivers license number, pass-
23	port number, or any other government-issued
24	identification number: or

1	"(F) a credit card or bank account number			
2	or any password or access code associated with			
3	a credit card or bank account.			
4	"(e) This section does not prohibit any lawfully au-			
5	thorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of			
6	a law enforcement agency of the United States, a State			
7	or a political subdivision of a State, or of an intelligence			
8	agency of the United States.".			
9	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-			
10	tions at the beginning of chapter 47 of title 18, United			
11	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-			
12	ing to section 1030 the following new item:			
	"1030A. Illicit indirect use of protected computers.".			
13	SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.			
14	In addition to any other sums otherwise authorized			
15	to be appropriated for this purpose, there are authorized			
16	to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2005 through			
17	2008, the sum of \$10,000,000 to the Attorney General			
18	for prosecutions needed to discourage the use of spyware			
19	and the practice commonly called phishing.			
20	SEC. 4. FINDINGS AND SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING			
21	THE ENFORCEMENT OF CERTAIN			
22	CYBERCRIMES.			
23	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-			

24 ings:

- 1 (1) Software and electronic communications are 2 increasingly being used by criminals to invade indi-3 viduals' and businesses' computers without author-4 ization.
 - (2) Two particularly egregious types of such schemes are the use of spyware and phishing scams.
 - (3) These schemes are often used to obtain personal information, such as bank account and credit card numbers, which can then be used as a means to commit other types of theft.
 - (4) In addition to the devastating damage that these heinous activities can inflict on individuals and businesses, they also undermine the confidence that citizens have in using the Internet.
- 15 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Because of the serious 16 nature of these offenses, and the Internet's unique impor-17 tance in the daily lives of citizens and in interstate com-18 merce, it is the sense of Congress that the Department 19 of Justice should use the amendments made by this Act, 20 and all other available tools, vigorously to prosecute those

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- 1 who use spyware to commit crimes and those that conduct
- 2 phishing scams.

Passed the House of Representatives October 7, 2004.

Attest:

Clerk.